# 2026/2027 Community Needs Assessment and Community Action Plan

# Yuba County Community Services Commission





Template Revised - 02/13/2025

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## Introduction

The Department of Community Services and Development (CSD) has developed the 2026/2027 Community Needs Assessment (CNA) and Community Action Plan (CAP) template for the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Service Providers network. CSD requests agencies submit a completed CAP, including a CNA, to CSD on or before **June 30, 2025**. Changes from the previous template are detailed below in the "What's New for 2026/2027?" section. Provide all narrative responses in 12-point Arial font with 1.15 spacing. A completed CAP template should not exceed 65 pages, excluding the appendices.

# Purpose

Public Law 105-285 (the CSBG Act) and the California Government Code require that CSD secure a CAP, including a CNA from each agency. Section 676(b)(11) of the CSBG Act directs that receipt of a CAP is a condition to receive funding. Section 12747(a) of the California Government Code requires the CAP to assess poverty-related needs, available resources, feasible goals, and strategies that yield program priorities consistent with standards of effectiveness established for the program. Although CSD may prescribe statewide priorities or strategies that shall be considered and addressed at the local level, each agency is authorized to set its own program priorities in conformance to its determination of local needs. The CAP supported by the CNA is a two-year plan that shows how agencies will deliver CSBG services. CSBG funds are by their nature designed to be flexible. They shall be used to support activities that increase the capacity of low-income families and individuals to become self-sufficient.

# Federal CSBG Programmatic Assurances and Certification

The Federal CSBG Programmatic Assurances are found in Section 676(b) of the CSBG Act. These assurances are an integral part of the information included in the CSBG State Plan. A list of the assurances that are applicable to CSBG agencies has been provided in the Federal Programmatic Assurances section of this template. CSBG agencies should review these assurances and confirm that they are in compliance. Signature of the board chair and executive director on the Cover Page certify compliance with the Federal CSBG Programmatic Assurances.

## State Assurances and Certification

As required by the CSBG Act, states are required to submit a State Plan as a condition to receive funding. Information provided in agencies' CAPs will be included in the CSBG State Plan. Alongside Organizational Standards, the state will be reporting on <a href="State Accountability Measures">State Accountability Measures</a> in order to ensure accountability and program performance improvement. A list of the applicable State Assurances is provided in this template. CSBG agencies should review these assurances and confirm that they are in compliance. Signature of the board chair and executive director on the Cover Page certify compliance with the State Assurances.

# Compliance with CSBG Organizational Standards

As described in the Office of Community Services (OCS) <u>Information Memorandum (IM) #138</u> dated January 26, 2015, CSBG agencies will comply with the Organizational Standards. A list of Organizational Standards that are met by an accepted CAP, including a CNA, are found in the Organizational Standards section of this template. Agencies are encouraged to utilize this list as a resource when reporting on the Organizational Standards annually.

# What's New for 2026/2027?

<u>Due Date</u>. The due date for your agency's 2026/2027 CAP is June 30, 2025. However, earlier submission of the CSBG Network's CAPs will allow CSD more time to review and incorporate agency information in the CSBG State Plan and Application. CSD, therefore, requests that agencies submit their CAPs on or before May 31, 2025.

**ROMA Certification Requirement.** CSD requires that agencies have the capacity to provide their own ROMA, or comparable system, certification for your agency's 2026/2027 CAP. Certification can be provided by agency staff who have the required training or in partnership with a consultant or another agency.

Federal CSBG Programmatic and State Assurances Certification. In previous templates, the federal and state assurances were certified by signature on the Cover Page and by checking the box(es) in both federal and state assurances sections. In the 2026/2027 template, CSD has clarified the language above the signature block on the Cover Page and done away with the check boxes. Board chairs and executive directors will certify compliance with the assurances by signature only. However, the Federal CSBG Programmatic Assurances and the State Assurances language remain part of the 2026/2027 template.

<u>Other Modifications</u>. The title page of the template has been modified to include your agency's name and logo. Please use this space to brand your agency's CAP accordingly. CSD has also added references to the phases of the ROMA Cycle i.e. assessment, planning, implementation, achievement of results, and evaluation throughout the 2026/2027 template. Additionally, there are a few new questions, minor changes to old questions, and a reordering of some questions.

## **Checklist**

- □ Public Hearing Report

## **Part I: Community Needs Assessment Summary**

- □ Results

## **Part II: Community Action Plan**

- **☑** Vision and Mission Statements
- **☒** Tripartite Board of Directors

- **⋈** Monitoring
- **⋈** Federal CSBG Programmatic Assurances
- **⊠** State Assurances
- **☑** Organizational Standards

## Part III: Appendices

- **△** Low-Income Testimony and Agency's Response
- **⊠** Community Needs Assessment

# Public Hearing(s)

California Government Code Section 12747(b)-(d)

#### **State Statute Requirements**

As required by California Government Code Section 12747(b)-(d), agencies are required to conduct a public hearing for the purpose of reviewing the draft CAP. Testimony presented by low-income individuals and families during the public hearing shall be identified in the final CAP.

#### **Guidelines**

#### Notice of Public Hearing

- 1. Notice of the public hearing should be published at least 10 calendar days prior to the public hearing.
- 2. The notice may be published on the agency's website, social media channels, and/or in newspaper(s) of local distribution.
- 3. The notice should include information about the draft CAP; where members of the community may review, or how they may receive a copy of, the draft CAP; the dates of the comment period; where written comments may be sent; date, time, and location of the public hearing; and the agency contact information.
- 4. The comment period should be open for at least 10 calendar days prior to the public hearing. Agencies may opt to extend the comment period for a selected number of days after the hearing.
- 5. The draft CAP should be made available for public review and inspection approximately 30 days prior to the public hearing. The draft CAP may be posted on the agency's website, social media channels, and distributed electronically or in paper format.
- 6. Attach a copy of the Notice(s) of Public Hearing in Part III: Appendices as Appendix A.

## Public Hearing

- 1. Agencies must conduct at least one public hearing on the draft CAP.
- 2. Public hearing(s) must be held in the designated CSBG service area(s).
- 3. Low-income testimony presented at the hearing or received during the comment period should be memorialized verbatim in the Low-Income Testimony and Agency's Response document and appended to the final CAP as Appendix B in Part III: Appendices.
- 4. The Low-Income Testimony and Agency's Response document should include the name of low-income individual, his/her testimony, an indication of whether or not the need was addressed in the draft CAP, and the agency's response to the testimony if the concern was not addressed in the draft CAP.

# **Cover Page**

Agency Name:	Yuba County Community Services Commission		
Name of CAP Contact:	Brynda Stranix		
Title:	Executive Director		
Phone:	530-751-8555		
Email:	bstranix@ysedc.org		

Date Most Recent CNA was Completed:	5/31/2025
(Organizational Standard 3.1)	010112020

#### **Board and Agency Certification**

The undersigned hereby certifies that this agency will comply with the Federal CSBG Programmatic

Assurances (CSBG Act Section 676(b)) and California State Assurances (Government Code Sections 12747(a),
12760, and 12768) for services and programs provided under the 2026/2027 Community Needs Assessment
and Community Action Plan. The undersigned governing body accepts the completed Community Needs
Assessment. (Organizational Standard 3.5)

Name: Brynda Stranix Name: Rich Webb

Title:	Executive Director	Title:	Board Chair
Date:	4/26/2025	Date:	6/24/25

#### ROMA Certification

The undersigned hereby certifies that this agency's Community Action Plan and strategic plan document the continuous use of the Results Oriented Management and Accountability (ROMA) system or comparable system (assessment, planning, implementation, achievement of results, and evaluation). (CSBG Act 676(b)(12), Organizational Standard 4.3)

Name: Jackie Slade

ROMA Title:	YCCSC Administrative Technician			
Date:	6	26	2025	

#### **CSD Use Only**

Date	es CAP	
Received	Accepted	Accepted By
June 30, 2025	August 25, 2025	Shiella Marie Rivera

## **Additional Guidance**

For the purposes of fulfilling the public hearing requirement on the draft CAP, agencies may conduct the public hearing in-person, remotely, or using a hybrid model based on community need at the time of the hearing.

## **Public Hearing Report**

Date(s) the Notice(s) of Public Hearing(s) was/were published	Full Notice published 5/28/25, 6/5/25, 6/9/25, 6/11/25, 6/17/25  Only info about hearing published 6/3/25, 6/13/25
Date Public Comment Period opened	June 4, 2025
Date Public Comment Period closed	June 24, 2025
Date(s) of Public Hearing(s)	June 24, 2025
Location(s) of Public Hearing(s)	103 D Street, Marysville, CA. 95901
Where was the Notice of Public Hearing published? (agency website, newspaper, social media channels)	YCCSC website front page, YCCSC Facebook Page, YCCSC Office, Local Territorial Dispatch Newspaper, YSEDC Nonprofit newsletter, Direct emailed to 116 agencies
Number of attendees at the Public Hearing(s)	12

# **Part I: Community Needs Assessment Summary**

CSBG Act Section 676(b)(11)

California Government Code Section 12747(a)

#### **Helpful Resources**

A community needs assessment provides a comprehensive "picture" of the needs in your service area(s). Resources are available to guide agencies through this process.

- CSD-lead training "Community Needs Assessment: Common Pitfalls and Best Practices" on Tuesday, September 10, 2024, at 1:00 pm. <u>Registration is required</u>. The training will be recorded and posted on the Local Agencies Portal after the event.
- Examples of CNAs, timelines, and other resources are on the <u>Local Agencies Portal</u>.
- Community Action Guide to Comprehensive Community Needs Assessments published by the National Association for State Community Service Programs (NASCSP).
- <u>Community Needs Assessment Tool</u> designed by the National Community Action Partnership (NCAP).
- National and state quantitative data sets. See links below.

	Sample Data Sets	
U.S. Census Bureau Poverty Data	U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics <u>Economic Data</u>	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  Housing Data & Report
HUD Exchange PIT and HIC Data Since 2007	National Low-Income Housing Coalition Housing Needs by State	National Center for Education Statistics IPEDS
California Department of Education School Data via DataQuest	California Employment Development Department UI Data by County	California Department of Public Health <u>Various Data Sets</u>
California Department of Finance Demographics	California Attorney General Open Justice	California Health and Human Services <u>Data Portal</u>
CSD Census Tableau Data by County		Population Reference Bureau <u>KidsData</u>
Data USA National Public Data	National Equity Atlas Racial and Economic Data	Census Reporter Census Data

Sample Data Sets				
Urban Institute SNAP Benefit Gap	Race Counts California Racial Disparity Data	Rent Data Fair Market Rent by ZIP		
UC Davis Center for Poverty & Inequality Poverty Statistics	University of Washington Center for Women's Welfare California Self-Sufficiency Standard	University of Wisconsin Robert Wood Johnson Foundation County Health Rankings		
Massachusetts Institute of Technology Living Wage Calculator	Nonprofit Leadership Center Volunteer Time Calculator	Economic Policy Institute Family Budget Calculator		

#### **Narrative**

CSBG Act Section 676(b)(9)
Organizational Standards 2.2, 3.3
ROMA – Assessment

Based on your agency's most recent CNA, please respond to the questions below.

1. Describe the geographic location(s) that your agency is funded to serve with CSBG. If applicable, include a description of the various pockets, high-need areas, or neighborhoods of poverty that are being served by your agency.

Yuba County is located in north central California, just 45 minutes north of the capital city of Sacramento. It spreads over approximately 644 square miles and is generally bounded by the Feather River on the west and the Bear River on the South. It borders Butte County to the north, Sierra and Nevada Counties to the east, Placer County to the south, and Sutter County to the south and west.

Yuba County has an estimated population of 87,469 (Census Bureau Quick Facts, July 2024) and is composed of three general physiographic regions: the valley, foothills and mountains. The valley is dominated by agriculture and includes Beale Air Force Base, Marysville, Wheatland and urbanized unincorporated areas. The foothills and mountain areas include land that has been traditionally used for grazing, timber production and mining, however recently work has increased in the field of forest health and biomass fuel reduction.

The largest city within the county, Marysville, is the county seat and one of California's most historic cities; its history as a community dates back to California's Gold Rush era. Wheatland is another incorporated city within Yuba County and it has several unincorporated communities such as Linda, Olivehurst, Plumas Lake, Browns Valley, Brownsville, Camptonville, Challenge, Dobbins, Forbestown, Loma Rica, Oregon House, Rackerby, and Strawberry Valley.

The region containing both Yuba and Sutter counties is referred to as the Yuba City Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), a geographical region with close economic ties throughout the area.

2. Indicate from which sources your agency collected and analyzed quantitative data for its most recent CNA. (Check all that apply.) (Organizational Standard 3.3)

Federal Government/National Data Sets	Local Data Sets
⊠Census Bureau	□Local crime statistics
☐Bureau of Labor Statistics	⊠High school graduation rate
□Department of Housing & Urban	☐School district school readiness
Development	□Local employers
⊠Department of Health & Human	□Local labor market
Services	☐Childcare providers
☐National Low-Income Housing Coalition	□Public benefits usage
□National Equity Atlas	⊠County Public Health Department
□National Center for Education Statistics	⊠Other2025 Center for Applied Research &
□Academic data resources	Engagement Systems (CARES) Health Indicators
☐Other online data resources	Report for Yuba County
□Other	

California State Data Sets  ⊠Employment Development Department  □Department of Education  □Department of Public Health  □Attorney General  □Department of Finance  □Other	Agency Data Sets  □ Client demographics □ Service data □ CSBG Annual Report □ Client satisfaction data □ Other
Surveys  □ Clients □ Partners and other service providers □ General public □ Staff □ Board members □ Private sector □ Public sector □ Educational Institutions □ Other	
3. Indicate the approaches your agency took (Check all that apply.) (Organizational Stan	o gather qualitative data for its most recent CNA.
	<u>'</u>
<ul> <li>☑ Clients</li> <li>☑ Partners and other service providers</li> <li>☑ General public</li> <li>☑ Staff</li> <li>☑ Board members</li> <li>☑ Private sector</li> <li>☑ Public sector</li> </ul>	Focus Groups  □Local leaders □Elected officials □Partner organizations' leadership □Board members □New and potential partners □Clients □Staff
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4. Confirm that your agency collected and analyzed information from each of the five community sectors below as part of the assessment of needs and resources in your service area(s). Your agency must demonstrate that all sectors were included in the needs assessment by checking each box below; a response for each sector is required. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(9), Organizational Standard 2.2)

## **Community Sectors**

- ⊠Community-based organizations
- ⊠Faith-based organizations
- ⊠Private sector (local utility companies, charitable organizations, local food banks)
- ⊠Educational institutions (local school districts, colleges)

## **Results**

CSBG Act Section 676(b)(11)
California Government Code Section 12747(a)
Organizational Standards 4.2
State Plan Summary and Section 14.1a
ROMA – Planning

Based on your agency's most recent CNA, please complete Table 1: Needs Table and Table 2: Priority Ranking Table.

Table 1: Needs Table					
Needs Identified	Level (C/F)	Agen cy Missi on (Y/N)	Currently Addressing (Y/N)	If not currently addressing, why?	Agency Priority (Y/N)
Individuals/Families lack homelessness prevention and reduction services (including financial literacy, child care cost assistance, rent/utility assistance)	F	Yes	Yes	Choose an item.	Y
Community lacks affordable housing choices	С	Yes	No	Insufficient resources available	Y
Community and Individuals/ Families lack access to health services (including mental, behavioral, physical, locational alcohol/substance abuse)	F and C	Yes	Yes	Choose an item.	Y
Community lacks living wage jobs and individuals lack job/skills training opportunities	F and C	Yes	No	Need met by local partner.	N
Individuals/Families lack access to food and basic needs	F	Yes	Yes		Y
Community has limited public transportation and individuals need mobility assistance	F and C	Yes	No	Insufficient resources available	Y

<u>Needs Identified</u>: Enter each need identified in your agency's most recent CNA. Ideally, agencies should use ROMA needs statement language in Table 1. ROMA needs statements are complete sentences that identify the need. For example, "Individuals lack living wage jobs" or "Families lack access to affordable housing" are needs statements. Whereas "Employment" or "Housing" are not. Add row(s) if additional space is needed.

<u>Level (C/F)</u>: Identify whether the need is a community level (C) or a family level (F) need. If the need is a community level need, the need impacts the geographical region directly. If the need is a family level need, it will impact individuals/families directly.

Agency Mission (Y/N): Indicate if the identified need aligns with your agency's mission.

<u>Currently Addressing (Y/N)</u>: Indicate if your agency is addressing the identified need.

<u>If not currently addressing, why?</u>: If your agency is not addressing the identified need, please select a response from the dropdown menu.

Agency Priority: Indicate if the identified need is an agency priority.

Та			
	Agency Priorities	Description of programs, services, activities	Indicator(s) or Service(s) Category
1.	Increase homelessness prevention and reduction services (including financial literacy, rent/deposit assistance)	-Provide emergency funds for rent and utilities to help avoid eviction and prevent homelessness.  -Provide counseling for low-income seniors on legal rights to help them obtain or maintain their income, housing and medical care.  -Provide rental deposits to assist low-income access housing  -Provide pre-purchase homeownership counseling, foreclosure prevention, financial literacy and budgeting and post-purchase home	SRV 3 a,b,c, e, h, i 4 c,d,f,g,m,o 5x, 5z 7a, 7m FNPI 3g,3h,3z, 4b,4e- f, 5f
2.	Expand access to health services (including mental, behavioral, physical, locational, alcohol/substance abuse)	maintenance for low-income individuals.  - Provide group therapy program for low-income Yuba County residents who need mild to moderate level mental health care. Also provide childcare for parents attending program.  -Provide Child Victim Advocacy and Counseling Services for children who are victims of, or witness to, family violence and/or child abuse.  -Provide Parent Empowerment Group program that provides child reunification support coupled with a peer support group for parents who are navigating the child welfare system.	, and the second
3.	Improve access to food and basic needs		SRV 5 ii, jj FNPI 3a

4.	affordable housing choices	-Advocate for affordable housing development in Yuba County by participating in community discussions and planning processes and helping educate the public and spread awareness on the benefits of affordable housing	No indicators apply
5.	public transportation and individuals need mobility assistance	-Promote and market the new Yuba-Sutter Transit Mobility on Demand (MOD) system now available in limited areas in Yuba County to assist low-income and mobility challenged individuals.	
			No indicators apply

<u>Agency Priorities</u>: Rank the needs identified as a priority in Table 1: Needs Table according to your agency's planned priorities. Ideally, agencies should use ROMA needs statement language. Insert row(s) if additional space is needed.

<u>Description of programs, services, activities</u>: Briefly describe the program, services, or activities that your agency will provide to address the need. Including the number of clients who are expected to achieve the indicator in a specified timeframe.

<u>Indicator/Service Category</u>: List the indicator(s) (CNPI, FNPI) or service(s) (SRV) that will be reported on in Modules 3 and 4 of the CSBG Annual Report.

# **Part II: Community Action Plan**

CSBG Act Section 676(b)(11)

California Government Code Sections 12745(e), 12747(a)

California Code of Regulations Sections 100651 and 100655

## Vision and Mission Statements

ROMA – Planning

## 1. Provide your agency's Vision Statement.

To combat poverty by empowering local agencies that represent the needs of low-income residents.

### 2. Provide your agency's Mission Statement.

To identify the needs of the low-income population and deploy resources to improve their lives and achieve the goal of reducing poverty

## **Causes and Conditions of Poverty**

Organizational Standards 1.1, 1.2, 3.2, 3.4 ROMA – Planning

1. Describe the key findings of your analysis of information collected directly from low-income individuals to better understand their needs. (Organizational Standards 1.1, 1.2)

Collected 584 surveys from low-income and/or homeless individuals in March/April 2025.

Top 4 biggest challenges:

- Unable to pay rent/utilities
- Access to food
- Transportation
- Unable to get a job or lost a job

(Appendix D: YCCSC & SCCAA 2025 CAP Client survey results)

Write in comments indicated the following reasons for the challenges:

#### 1. Inability to Afford Rent and Utilities

- Rent and utility costs are often unaffordable on limited or fixed incomes (e.g., SSI, disability, part-time work).
- Many reported being at risk of eviction, already homeless, or unable to find affordable housing.

## 2. Lack of Transportation

- o Many individuals lack a personal vehicle and cannot afford car repairs, insurance, or gas.
- This severely limits access to jobs, medical care, food pantries, and other essential services.

## 3. Unemployment and Barriers to Work

- Challenges include disability, criminal records, age, caregiving responsibilities, lack of childcare, and a weak job market—especially in rural areas.
- Some are trying to find work but face rejection or a lack of suitable jobs.

#### 4. Food Insecurity

- Food is described as too expensive, and assistance like food stamps (CalFresh/EBT)
  often does not last the full month.
- Many rely on food giveaways and report difficulty accessing food due to transportation or mobility issues.

#### 5. Mental Health and Addiction Issues

- Numerous respondents report struggling with depression, anxiety, or trauma, often without adequate mental health support.
- Several mentioned recovering from substance abuse or still actively dealing with addiction and related barriers.

Based on written responses from 584 surveys, here are the **Top 5 Assistance/Services** that would most significantly improve the financial and living situations of the respondents:

#### 1. Affordable and Accessible Housing Assistance

- Section 8 / low-income housing
- Rental/deposit assistance
- Help for those with evictions or poor rental history
- Desire for housing near jobs/family/schools
- Senior and disability-accessible units
- · Temporary shelters and transitional housing

## 2. Employment Support & Job Training

- Career training and job placement
- Support for those with criminal records, disabilities, or no work history
- Trade programs, certifications, and license recovery
- Job search assistance, remote work opportunities, and second job access
- Resume building and interview preparation

#### 3. Transportation Assistance

- Reliable vehicles or transit passes
- Help with driver's licenses, registration, and breathalyzers
- Need to relocate closer to employment or services (e.g., Marysville)

#### 4. Increased Financial Benefits & Stability Programs

- SSI/SSDI increases or assistance applying
- Help managing utility costs, PG&E, solar bills
- CalWorks, EBT, and emergency funds
- Help with child-related costs (childcare, school needs)
- Financial literacy, budgeting, and support for middle-income earners too

#### 5. Food and Basic Needs Access

- Food stamps / EBT increases
- More frequent food distributions
- Healthy and unexpired options
- Help with laundry access and hygiene items
- 2. Describe your agency's assessment findings specific to poverty and its prevalence related to gender, age, and race/ethnicity for your service area(s). (Organizational Standard 3.2)

Collecting demographic data related to poverty gives us an understanding of who is living in our service area, of their needs, and of the condition and causes of poverty in the community that we are serving. The data gives us the ability to make informed decisions in choosing the agencies and programs YCCSC will allocate CSBG funds to.

#### Yuba County

		American	Asian	African	Hispanic	White
		Indian/Alas		Americ		
		ka Native		an		
Uninsured	Percentage of the	19.1%	10.7%	8.5%	8.1%	6.1%
Population	civilian non-					
	institutionalized					
	population without					
	health insurance.					
Children in	Percentage of	22.2%	20.2%	8.4%	24%	15.2%
Poverty	people under age 18					
	in poverty					
Premature	Number of deaths		327.3	556.8	234.2	555.3
Age-Adjusted	among residents					
Mortality	under age 75 per					
	100,000 population					
	(age-adjusted).					

Adventist Health/Rideout Hospital 2022 Yuba-Sutter community health needs assessment

3. "Causes of poverty" are the negative factors that create or foster barriers to self-sufficiency and/or reduce access to resources in communities in which low-income individuals live. After review and analysis of your needs assessment data, describe the causes of poverty in your agency's service area(s). (Organizational Standard 3.4)

This region of abundant natural resources grapples with several socioeconomic challenges. For decades, Yuba and Sutter Counties have exceeded the state average when it comes to Poverty and Unemployment and have fallen substantially below when it comes to household income.

Location	Unemployment	Poverty	Median	Limited Access to	Percent
		Rate	Household	Healthy Food	Receiving SNAP

<sup>\*</sup>Yuba County median income is \$73,313 (compared to the State at \$96,334). By ethnicity or race, African American median income is \$59,260, Asian median income is \$66,743, Non-Hispanic/white median income is \$70,275 and Hispanic/Latino median income is \$85,201 in Yuba County. (Center for Applied Research & Engagement Systems (CARES) 2025 Health Indicators Report for Yuba County)

<sup>\*</sup>Sutter-Yuba Point in Time homeless count conducted in January 2023 indicated there were 545 total homeless in Yuba County. Of that, 22 percent were ages 45-55 with the next highest being ages 35-44 at 18 percent. The racial/gender distribution of Yuba County's homeless who reported the information was White (71%), Multi Race (16%), African American (8%), American Indian/Alaskan Native (3%) and Male (60%) and Female (40%).

			Income		benefits
Yuba County	7.6%	15.4%	\$73,313	11%	21.4%
Sutter County	10%	15.3%	\$75,450	8%	13.4%
State-California	5.5%	12.0%	\$96,334	3%	12.9%

(US Census Bureau Quick Facts 2024, Center for Applied Research & Engagement Systems (CARES) 2025 Health Indicators Report for Sutter and Yuba County, California Employment Development Department-February 2025, Robert J. Wood Foundation 2025 Yuba County Health Rankings Report)

People feel financially secure when they can take care of their basic needs and handle unexpected costs that come up. When people struggle with financial security, they have less hope, age faster, and die prematurely. Communities that don't have a healthy economy can find it difficult to attract people to live or work there. This can make it difficult to have enough resources for good schools, parks, roads, and all the other conditions that create well-being. This can lead to a cycle of hopelessness and intergenerational poverty.

Area Deprivation Index ranks neighborhoods and communities relative to other areas. The ADI is calculated based on 17 measures related to four primary domains (Education, Income & Employment, Housing and Household Characteristics) 1 is the least disadvantaged, 100 is the most disadvantaged. Yuba County ranks at 42, while California is at 19. (Center for Applied Research & Engagement Systems (CARES) 2025 Health Indicators Report for Yuba County)

**High Unemployment -** Unemployment has negative effects on physical and mental health. It is linked to unhealthy behaviors, such as smoking, alcohol use, physical inactivity, and unhealthy diet. Unemployed people often do not have a steady income or health insurance. People who are unemployed are less likely to have access to health services. They are also likely to delay care because of financial concerns.

\*In February 2025, Employment Development Department reported Yuba County's unemployment rate was 7.6 percent, well above the national average of 4.1 percent and the state of 5.5 percent which puts Yuba County as the thirteenth highest unemployment rate across all 58 California counties. (Appeal Democrat article "Unemployment in Yuba-Sutter ticked up again in February")

**High Poverty Levels -** Poverty is a key driver to health status and creates barriers to access including health services, healthy food and other necessities that contribute to poor health status. According to the Center for Applied Research & Engagement Systems (CARES) 2025 Health Indicators Report for Yuba County:

\*Yuba County children living below poverty is 20.71 percent, compared to the State at 15.15

\*In California, 12 percent of the entire population lived below the poverty level while 15.4 percent of Yuba County's population lived below the poverty level.

\*Yuba County's population receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP benefits) is 21.4 percent, compared to the State at 12.7 percent. In addition, of Yuba County's students, 66.8 percent are eligible for Free or Reduced Lunch, while California is only at 59.9%. These are indicators of the population having multiple health access, health status and social support needs.

\*In California median household income is \$96,334 while Yuba County is \$73,313. Low median incomes is another economic status indicator of the region.

\*Yuba County's average family size is 2.91. (US Census Bureau 2024 Quick Facts) According to the 2025 Massachusetts Institute of Technology Living Wage Calculator for Yuba County, a family with 2 adults (2 working) and 1 child would need to make \$96,260 per year before taxes to be able to pay for basic living expenses. The Median Household income for Yuba County before taxes is \$73,313. The adult would need to make \$23.14 per hour for it to be a living wage, minimum wage is \$16.50 and the approximate hourly wage for a person living in poverty is about \$6.41 per hour. (The person living in poverty hourly wage was determined by looking at 2025 Federal poverty guidelines for 3 persons in the household at 100% of the poverty level (26,650 annual income). With 2 adults working full-time (4160 annual hours) it equals about \$6.41 per hour)

**Educational Achievement -** Low educational attainment is linked to negative health outcomes and severe limitations in economic opportunity. Children from low-income families and those with disabilities tend to struggle in school, which means they are less likely to graduate or go to college.

\* Only 17.9 percent of persons over 25 have a Bachelors Degree as compared to the State at 36.5 percent. These are indicators that adults in the community maybe in need of workforce training or programs in science, technology, engineering and mathematics to be developed to provide more economic opportunities. (Center for Applied Research & Engagement Systems (CARES) 2025 Health Indicators Report for Yuba County)

\*In Yuba County, on average, per-pupil spending among school districts was \$3,816 BELOW the estimated amount needed to support students in achieving average US test scores as compared to California at only about \$231 below. (University of Wisconsin Robert Wood Johnson Foundation 2025 Yuba County Health Rankings Report)

\*In the Yuba County foothill area, high school age youth must travel by school bus over 1 and  $\frac{1}{2}$  hours each way (some locations over 50 miles one way) to attend high school in Marysville. There are NO high schools available in the foothills. This long travel time has a huge influence on the dropout rate. Additionally for youth that choose a homeschool option, the lack of internet availability and affordability is a substantial issue.

**Housing -** Yuba-Sutter is sorely lacking in affordable housing options for all income levels and with the high cost of inflation, many are facing difficulty in maintaining the housing they do have. Housing insecurity is proven to cause high stress which impacts a person's health and well-being.

\*April 2025, according the California Association of Realtors, the overwhelming majority of residents in both Yuba and Sutter counties cannot afford median-priced homes in the region. In Yuba County, the median home price for the first quarter of 2025 was \$450,000. The minimum qualifying income to afford a house at that price is \$116,000. According to the 2024 Census Quick Facts, the median household income in Yuba County is \$73,313.

\*The Yuba County 2025 Affordable Housing Needs Report indicates renters in Yuba County need to earn \$19.46 per hour-1.2 times the state minimum wage to afford a house. In addition, 76% of extremely low-income households in Yuba County are paying more than half of their income on housing costs, compared to 1% of moderate-income households.

\*According to Bridges to Housing 2025 CSBG application, as of 1/1/2024 new legislation made it impossible for landlords or property owners to charge a security deposit that is more than one month's rent. Knowing this was going to occur, many property owners increased their rents again.

\*The devastating Camp Fire in 2018 in nearby Paradise and subsequent fires across California since then have also created other problems as well, especially for Yuba County foothills residents. Insurance providers are cutting back where they will offer fire protection around the state or deciding to not renew current holders' policies in fire prone areas, like Yuba County foothills, causing many to search for other options such as the state's FAIR plan. However, the various options usually come with a higher cost – sometimes more than double what a resident had been paying. These spikes in insurance costs have made it even more difficult for residents to maintain the housing they do have.

**Health** – The health of a place results from past and present policies and practices. Poor health in a community often indicates a lack of access to healthy food, good schools, affordable housing and living wage jobs.

\*The Federal Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) has determined that Yuba County is a Health Provider Shortage area with shortages of primary, dental and mental healthcare providers. (2022 Yuba County Community Health Assessment) A lack of access to primary care physicians, dentists and mental health providers presents barriers to good health. According to the Robert J. Wood Foundation 2025 Yuba County Health Rankings Report, the ratio of residents per primary care physician is 4,910:1 (state: 1,230:1), the ratio of residents per dentist is 3,370:1 (state: 1,080:1), the ratio of residents per mental health provider is 380:1 (state: 210:1).

\*Yuba County has a long history of poor health rankings and is plagued with bad health behaviors and outcomes that top the State in many categories. Following indicators are flagged as significantly worse as compared to the State.

Diabetes prevalence 30 percent, State 27 percent Limited Access to Healthy Foods 11 percent, State 3 percent Frequent Mental Health Distress 20 percent, State 15 percent Poor Mental Health Days 6.3, State 4.7 Suicide 17 deaths per 100,000 population, State 10

Tobacco Usage over age 18 15.7 percent, State 11.3

Lung Disease Mortality 48.5 percent, State 31.4 percent

Premature Death (years of potential life lost) 9,988, State 6,744

(Center for Applied Research & Engagement Systems (CARES) 2025 Health Indicators Report for Yuba County, Adventist Health/Rideout Hospital 2022 Yuba-Sutter community health needs assessment, Robert J. Wood Foundation 2025 Yuba County Health Rankings Report)

\*According to New Day Training Center's 2025 CSBG application, Yuba County is a governmentdesignated Mental Health, Health Professional Shortage Area and lacks sufficient mild to moderate therapeutic care for Medi-Cal-insured and other low-income community members.

#### Homelessness

The population of people experiencing homelessness in Sutter and Yuba counties began to increase dramatically between 2008 and 2015 and in the last decade it has continued to grow. Today both counties are experiencing a severe problem with the homeless, homeless encampments and the attendant problems with this issue.

\*Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium reported the following in their 2025 CSBG application, a clear indicator of the growing problem:

	CY2020	CY2021	CY2022	CY2023
Number of people accessing Services experiencing homelessness	1,634	2,677	3,224	3,609
Number of people experiencing Homelessness for the 1st time	1,006	1,407	1,622	1,653

\*The Sutter-Yuba Point in Time homeless count conducted in January 2019 indicated the number of homeless adults has steadily increased from 2015 to 2019. Of the 706 total homeless, most persons were 25 and older, were White (59%), Black (7.1%) or Native American (4.9%) and are male (53.7%). In addition, 24 percent have a physically disabling condition, 14 percent have a serious mental illness, 13 percent have a chronic medical condition and 12 percent have a substance abuse disorder. For Yuba County, the top four reasons, by rank, reported for becoming homeless was lost job or unemployed, eviction or foreclosure, family or household conflict, unable to pay rent or mortgage.

\*The Sutter-Yuba Point in Time homeless count conducted in January 2021 indicated the number of homeless adults increased again from 2019 to 2021. Of the 1,074 total homeless (697 being in Yuba County), most persons were 25 and older, however 278 were under the age of 18. The racial/gender distribution of the homeless was White (61%), Mixed Race (24%), Black (9%), American Indian/Alaskan Native (5%) and equally male and female. In addition, 8 percent had a serious mental illness,2 percent had a substance abuse

disorder and 22 percent were victims of domestic violence.

\*The Sutter-Yuba Point in Time homeless count conducted in January 2023 indicated the total number of homeless adults dropped slightly from 2021 to 963. In addition, 252 (147 in Yuba) were also "precariously housed". For Yuba County specific it also showed that a drop from 697 in 2021 to 545 in 2023. In addition of the Yuba County 545 homeless, 27 percent reported they had a serious mental illness and 6 percent had a substance abuse disorder that they felt impaired their ability to live independently.

#### Childcare

Childcare wait lists are common for families who qualify for assistance. In Yuba County, there is a need for more than 6,700 additional childcare slots, well beyond the existing capacity. There is a substantial unmet need of subsidized childcare services- 79.3% unmet need for infant care and 73.4% unmet need for schoolage children. The lack of adequate childcare reduces the size of the available workforce and presents challenges for the local economy. (Childcare Planning Council of Yuba and Sutter Counties Child Care Needs Assessment Summary for their 2022-2027 Strategic Plan)

#### Nutrition

Poverty and food insecurity are closely related. Food insecurity places a substantial burden on society through health care and social costs. People experiencing food insecurity often consume a nutrient-poor diet, which may contribute to the development of obesity, heart disease, hypertension, diabetes, and other chronic diseases.

- \* According to a 2022 Stacker report, Yuba County's food insecurity rate is 13.2%, 21.1% higher than the national average. (Food Bank serves 32,000 each month, Appeal Democrat, November 2024)
- \*According to the Robert J. Wood Foundation 2025 Yuba County Health Rankings Report, Yuba County has 11 percent who have limited access to healthy food, as compared to the State at 3 percent.
- \*According to Salvation Army's 2025 CSBG application, proper nutrition is critical for unhoused residents coping with chronic illnesses in Yuba and Sutter Counties. According to the Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium's (SYHC) Homeless Information Management System (HMIS), 24.98% or 673 unhoused persons live with a chronic illnesses. The majority of these individuals are located in unsheltered settings without reliable access to food. Lack of nutrition can severely exacerbate conditions like diabetes, heart disease, cancer, and mental illness that many are dealing with. Additionally 27% of the homeless population identifies as mentally ill and 15% as physically disabled. These individuals are especially vulnerable to complications from malnutrition.
- 4. "Conditions of poverty" are the negative environmental, safety, health and/or economic conditions that may reduce investment or growth in communities where low-income individuals live. After review and analysis of your needs assessment data, describe the conditions of poverty in your agency's service area(s). (Organizational Standard 3.4)

**Natural Resources** - Both counties have been adversely affected by flooding, drought and fire as weather conditions swing from one extreme to the other. The impact on the community can be immense, especially on the disabled and low-income who have a lack of transportation, funding, resources, etc. to leave a community in danger.

#### **Economic Climate**

Yuba-Sutter 2025-2030 Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) reflects the vision for regional prosperity and economic development. The plan is meant to be a guide for the entire community including businesses, residents, students, workers and elected leaders.

CEDS survey results indicate the following struggles the Yuba-Sutter area has that limit/reduce investment/growth in the community and potential solutions to encourage investment/growth.

#### Top Economic Challenges

The most cited challenges included: lack of affordable housing (65%), high unemployment (39%), and poor infrastructure (43%).

#### **Barriers to Business Development**

Identified as key barriers: availability of skilled labor (41%), lack of infrastructure (44%), and market size and demand (45%)

#### Regions top 3 competitive weaknesses:

1) Inadequate Infrastructure

(poor road conditions, outdated water/wastewater systems, limited public transportation)

2) Homelessness and Social Challenges

(homelessness crisis impacts the local economy, safety and the region's image, discouraging business investment)

3) Educational and workforce gaps

(low educational attainment and lack of access to quality training and higher education programs. Mismatch between available jobs and workforce skills, limiting economic growth)

## Three specific things leaders can do to make the region a better place for residents:

- 1) improve infrastructure (repair and modernize roads, bridges and public transportation)
- address homelessness and social services (increase access to mental health and substance abuse treatment and affordable housing solutions)
- expand educational and recreational opportunities (develop and improve local schools and vocational training)

There must be a concerted regional effort to improve the transportation, wastewater, broadband and affordable housing and housing infrastructure. Improving education and linkage to the needs of local

business is critical for quality of life, business growth and success. Additionally, providing support for strong workforce development, access to capital and resources to small and growing businesses is essential to develop robust and diverse regional commerce.

# 5. Describe your agency's data and findings obtained through the collecting, analyzing, and reporting of customer satisfaction data.

YCCSC subcontracts with agencies to provide services directly to the low-income population. As part of their contract, Subcontractors agree to submit to YCCSC a copy of their client satisfaction survey tool(s) when the contract is signed and a summation of their client satisfaction survey results near the end of the contract year with proof that the results were presented to their governing board. All survey results are combined and presented to the YCCSC board for review and discussion at a subsequent board meeting which is documented in the meeting minutes. If survey results indicate a subcontractor is not performing adequately then the board will decide the course of action.

YCCSC's sub-grantee's data and findings obtained from customer satisfaction data indicated overall clients were happy with the services received, however there were some needs/improvements identified:

#### Casa de Esperanza

- I think there needs to be additional programs especially for kids, other programs to help with their transition in addition to counseling. Funding for additional activities.
- More clear, concise, defined rules and regs. A handbook with rules and regs written.

### Regional Emergency Shelter Team (REST)

- One thing I would change about REST is: Transition- People having more patience, Longer sleep- Making the shelter year-round, Goal setting for long term.
- Somewhere to stay inside on the weekends-year round. Run the shelter through the school year so kids have a place to shower.

#### Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium

- Attorneys who will offer free representation
- Partnerships with leasing agencies to make it easy to obtain housing

#### Habitat for Humanity

 More consistency in program rules, better control over pets, improved social engagement opportunities, and facility updates such as security enhancements and additional amenities like ice machines.

## **Tripartite Board of Directors**

CSBG Act Sections 676B(a) and (b), 676(b)(10) Organizational Standards 1.1. 3.5 ROMA – Evaluation

1. Describe your agency's procedures under which a low-income individual, community organization, religious organization, or representative of low-income individuals that considers its organization or low-income individuals to be inadequately represented on your agency's board to petition for adequate representation. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(10), Organizational Standard 1.1)

YCCSC's grievance/appeal policy, as indicated in their bylaws, is below:

#### GRIEVANCE OR APPEAL PROCEDURES

In the event that a contractor is unhappy with an administrative or policy decision made by the Executive Director, YCCSC, or any staff connected with YCCSC, that contractor may appeal such decision through the following process:

- 1.Contractor will have 5 business days to submit a written appeal to the Executive Director, clearly stating reasons for their appeal and a recommendation for desired solution.
- 2. The Executive Director will have 10 business days in which to resolve the situation and render a decision.
- 3.If the contractor is not satisfied with the Executive Director's decision; they may, within 15 business days, file a written appeal to the Chairman of the Commission with a copy to the Executive Director. The written appeal shall set forth the issue(s) being appealed and the basis for the appeal
- 4. The Chairman of the Commission will assign the appeal to an appropriate YCCSC sub-committee which will have 15 business days to render a decision.
- 5.In the event that the contractor is unhappy with the sub-committee's decision in the matter, they may file a written appeal within 5 business days to the Chairman of the Commission requesting action by the full Commission. The appeal shall set forth the issue(s) being appealed and the basis for the appeal. The full Commission must render a decision within 30 days of receiving the appeal.
- 6.In the event that the contractor is not satisfied with the decision made by the full Commission, they may appeal the decision to the Yuba County Board of Supervisors and if not satisfied with the Board of Supervisors they may appeal to the California Department of Community Services and Development, 2389 Gateway Oaks Drive, Suite 100, Sacramento, CA 98533. Telephone: (916) 576-7109.
- 2. Describe your process for communicating with and receiving formal approval from your agency board of the Community Needs Assessment (Organizational Standard 3.5).

The board is encouraged to participate in the needs assessment process by distributing surveys, completing a survey, attending and participating in the Community Meeting on May 13, 2025 and the Public Hearing on June 24, 2025.

In addition, the board was provided the DRAFT CAP on June 5 for review well in advance of their

June 24, 2025 special board meeting. They were asked to review and provide feedback on the data presented. The 2026-2027 DRAFT CAP was included in their June 24 agenda packet. The board discussed the identified needs, prioritized and ranked them and authorized the board chair to sign the CAP document and submit to CSD.

## Service Delivery System

CSBG Act Section 676(b)(3)(A) State Plan 14.3a ROMA - Implementation

1. Describe your agency's service delivery system. Include a description of your client intake process or system and specify whether services are delivered via direct services or subcontractors, or a combination of both. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(3)(A), State Plan 14.3a)

YCCSC does not provide direct services, it provides services to low-income residents of Yuba County via sub-contractors and they each have their own process for client intake. The following agencies may be subcontractors of YCCSC for 2026 and 2027:

**Bridges to Housing** - During intake interviews, Bridges to Housing collects vital information and verification from their clients. Each client must provide date of birth, social security cards, ID if over 18, income verification (2-3 months paystubs), rental verification and complete a demographic information form. income and period. Once all the documentation is accumulated, the Program Intake Associate reviews for eligibility for grant support and program guidelines. When satisfactory, an interview is scheduled, conducted by volunteers and board members to determine housing needs and challenges and suggest options for the client. Bridges provides "once in a lifetime" rental security deposits or rent if the client is already living in the home and fell behind and refers clients to other community services.

Child Advocates of Placer and Yuba County - Each client will do an intake with a case worker, and then capture all their data on their database, Optima. As they meet with the client weekly, they become very aware of their living situation and needs. They also connect them to services like CalWORKs, Medical, or housing authorities where they need to state their income. In collaboration with their social workers, they support families as they become clean and sober living through treatment and provide navigational services to families seeking to reunify with their children.

**Habitat for Humanity** – Applicants requesting assistance are given a list of required documents; drivers license, rental/lease agreement, notice to pay/3 day pay or quit, current utility bill (if requesting assistance for payment of utilities), and proof of income in the form of last years taxes, SSI/SDI letter or 90 days of most recent pay stubs. If applicant qualifies for funding, they sign an agreement to receive funding. The agreement states that the funding is not a loan and authorizes Habitat to mail a payment to the listed payee (utilities company or landlord) and agreeing to the total payment to be made.

**New Day Training -** staff creates an electronic file for each client and enters their demographic information into a database system for tracking client service data. Notes are attached to each client's file for further follow-up, referral, resources and services.

**Salvation Army -** At each of the four homeless shelter food distribution locations Salvation Army has a list of people that center serves. They record meals served to people each day. People not on the list are recorded and added to databases daily.

Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium- Manages the coordinated entry system. As an individual or family experiencing homelessness enters the Coordinated Entry System, a case manager collects all demographic and economic information and completes a vulnerability assessment to identify

specific needs and barriers to housing. Upon completion of the assessment and ranking, the individual will be assigned to a case manager to help address any barriers and create a housing plan. Other supportive services offered onsite or through video conferencing include but are not limited to: shower and laundry access, medical care, counseling, record expungement, live scan, substance abuse treatment, anger management classes, and employment training/mentorship. **Yuba-Sutter Legal Center-** At the intake, staff obtains required demographic information (age, gender, living situation, education, etc.) Income eligibility is verified by bank statements showing receipt of SSI and/or other income; SSI and/or Social Security award letters; or pay stubs for those clients who are employed. A recent utility bill, such as PG&E, is used to verify clients live in Yuba County. The center determines client needs and then provides direct legal services by advising them, negotiating with opposing parties, preparing legal documents, filling out forms such as Medi-Cal applications, making court appearances and more. Cases could last a year or more.

2. Describe how the poverty data related to gender, age, and race/ethnicity referenced in Part II: Causes and Conditions of Poverty, Question 2 will inform your service delivery and strategies in the coming two years?

Subcontractors chosen by YCCSC typically aim to address the needs of a large swath of individuals, however some programs that are funded are specific to certain demographics. County demographics indicate 75.1 percent are White, 8.9 percent are Asian, 31.5 percent are Hispanic, 12.1 percent under 65 have a disability, (compared to the State 7.3 percent), (July 2024 data from the US Census Bureau Quick Facts.)

Question 2 indicates African American and Asian populations have the lowest median incomes, the Hispanic and American Indian/Alaska Native populations have the highest rates of children in poverty, while American Indian/Alaska Native and Asian have the lowest rates with health insurance. Premature death is occurring most frequently in African American and White populations and White males are predominately the population that is homeless.

Keeping the above information in mind and the overall demographics of the County, YCCSC will continue to assure input from these populations is being sought by providing CAP needs assessment surveys in English, Spanish and Punjabi.

As YCCSC reviews and decides on programs to support with CSBG funds, it will concentrate on serving and addressing the particular needs of populations that are struggling the most while also continuing to make sure all populations have access to services.

## **Linkages and Funding Coordination**

CSBG Act Sections 676(b)(1)(B) and (C); 676(b)(3)(B), (C) and (D); 676(b)(4), (5), (6), and (9) California Government Code Sections 12747(a), 12760 Organizational Standards 2.1 State Plan 9.3b, 9.4b, 9.5, 9.7, 14.1b, 14.1c, 14.3d, 14.4

1. Describe how your agency coordinates funding with other providers in your service area. If there is a formalized coalition of social service providers in your service area, list the coalition(s) by name and methods used to coordinate services/funding. (CSBG Act Sections 676(b)(1)(C), 676(b)(9); Organizational Standard 2.1; State Plan 14.1c)

YCCSC's Executive Director is active with the following community/regional groups in an effort to collaborate on services and coordinate funding opportunities to best serve low-income residents: Executive Director for Sutter County Community Action Agency, President-Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium (Continuum of Care), Active with Yuba County Health and Human Services Community Needs Planning Committee, Active with Yuba County Hazard Mitigation Planning Team, member of Marysville Kiwanis Club that works to serve low-income youth, Active with Marysville Joint Unified School District Superintendent Advisory Committee and Active with Yuba County Community Health Improvement Plan/Safe neighborhoods/Built Environments Committee.

YCCSC works with Yuba-Sutter Economic Development Corporation to continually seek new joint ventures with other community agencies, businesses, projects and foundations to leverage CSBG funds to provide funding for its sub-contractors as well as administrative support. In addition, YCCSC provides technical assistance and directs sub-contractor agencies to additional grant funding resources they can apply for directly.

Below are local agencies that YCCSC anticipates it may subcontract with using CSBG funds for 2026-27 that work to coordinate funds and services for Yuba County.

Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium- is a regional Continuum of Care, which YCCSC's Executive Director is currently the President of, that conducts the Point in Time Count, manages the local Coordinated Entry System and administers federal and state funding for homeless programs. The Consortium coordinates monthly meetings to connect service providers, non-profits, churches, elected officials, etc on the efforts to help and house those who are experiencing homelessness. In addition, they sub-contract their allocated funds (including CSBG) to multiple agencies including Hands of Hope, Salvation Army, Casa de Espernza, Habitat for Humanity, Bridges to Housing and more.

Bridges to Housing, Habitat for Humanity, Casa de Esperanza, Salvation Army, Yuba-Sutter Food Bank are all CSBG fund recipients of YCCSC and are active members of the Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium.

2. Provide information on any memorandums of understanding and/or service agreements your agency has with other entities regarding coordination of services/funding. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(3)(C), Organizational Standard 2.1, State Plan 9.7)

YCCSC enters into a contract/service agreement to provide services to the low-income and/or capacity building for the agencies that serve the low-income with each sub-contractor it funds. The following potential 2026-27 sub-contractors have additional MOU's/service agreements in place for the coordination of their services/funding:

**Bridges to Housing-** has MOU with Hands of Hope and informal partnerships for referrals with Coordinated Entry, Welfare Department, Veterans Affairs, Freed, Adventist Street Nurses, Better Way, 14 Forward, Salvation Army, Sutter County, Yuba County, Habitat for Humanity, Regional Housing Authority and Hands of Hope, Life Building Center.

Casa de Esperanza – has MOU's with Beale Air Force Base, Marysville and Yuba City Policy Department and informal partnership with Yuba County Victim Witness

**CASA of Placer and Yuba Counties –** has MOU's with Child Advocates of Placer County and Yuba Superior Court.

**Habitat for Humanity-** has MOU's with AARP Foundation, Department of Housing and Community Development and informal partnerships with Hands of Hope, Sutter Yuba Homeless Management Information System/Bell Data Systems, Life for Relief and Development and Yuba and Sutter County Public Health and partnerships for referrals from Bridges to Housing.

**New Day Training** – has MOU's with Liberty University, University of Phoenix

Salvation Army - has MOU with Partnership Healthplan of California

Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium – has MOU's with Hands of Hope and informal partnerships with Adventist/Rideout, Casa de Esperanza, Regional Emergency Shelter Team (REST), Salvation Army, Yuba and Sutter County Health and Human Services for services at the Coordinated Entry Sites and established partnerships with Bridges to Housing, Victim Witness, California Rural Legal Assistance, Harmony Health, Yuba and Sutter County Public Health, St. Vincent de Paul, Sutter County Library, Sutter Yuba Behavioral Health, Sutter and Yuba County One Stop, Peach Tree Clinic, Recology, Marysville Veterinary Hospital and more.

Yuba-Sutter Economic Development Corporation – has MOU's with County of Yuba and North Central Counties Consortium and informal partnerships with Alliance for Hispanic Advancement, Marysville Community Development, SCORE, SBDC, SBA, Yuba College, Yuba County Community Development, Yuba-Sutter Chamber of Commerce, Yuba County and Sutter County One Stops.

**Yuba-Sutter Food Bank** – has MOU with Contra Costa Food Bank and informal partnerships with 28 Yuba County based agencies.

**Yuba-Sutter Legal Center -** has MOU's with Area 4 Agency on Aging and informal partnerships with Hands of Hope, FREED, Yuba County Adult Protective Services, Victim Witness and Veterans Services.

3. Describe how your agency ensures delivery of services to low-income individuals while avoiding duplication of services in the service area(s). (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(5), California Government Code 12760)

YCCSC does not deliver services directly to low-income individuals, however to help ensure YCCSC's CSBG funded agencies are not duplicating services for the low-income population, it has worked to develop strong linkages and knowledge of what services agencies are delivering by being active with the following community/regional groups:

• Executive Director-Sutter County Community Action Agency,

- Current President-Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium (Continuum of Care)
- Board member-Sutter Community Affordable Housing Board

In addition, to help alleviate duplication of services, as part of YCCSC's Request for Proposal for annual CSBG fund allocation, it requires agencies to indicate how they will ensure delivery of services to low-income individuals while trying to avoid duplication of services with other agencies.

The following potential 2026-27 sub-contractors describe how they avoid duplication:

**Bridges to Housing--** Works closely with Coordinated Entry and utilizes Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) helps to avoid duplication of services. In addition, they ask clients directly if they have utilized any service that would create a duplication.

Child Advocates of Placer, Yuba Counties (CASA) –Will conduct thorough market research to confirm that their services do not overlap with those of other nonprofits in the region. So far, they have not identified any organizations providing the same support as CASA and family services staff. They will consistently evaluate and monitor all services received by families to ensure there is no duplication of services being offered.

**Habitat for Humanity--**Coordinates with local organizations to avoid duplication, focusing on areas not covered by other services. Partnerships with housing authorities, legal aid, and local banks ensure their offerings are complementary, maximizing community resources.

Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium- Immediately upon program entry through the Coordinated Entry System, clients will complete the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) prevention intake prior to receiving program services. HMIS is used by multiple partners, which allows staff the capability to run reports to ensure client data quality and non-duplication of services.

Yuba-Sutter Legal Center for Seniors—To avoid duplication, the Legal Center works closely with all Yuba County government agencies that assist seniors, as well as private agencies assisting low-income seniors. They also make referrals to and accept referrals from these agencies.

Finally, when awarding CSBG funds to agencies, the YCCSC board makes a conscious effort to minimize funding agencies that are providing the same service or close to it.

4. Describe how your agency will leverage other funding sources and increase programmatic and/or organizational capacity. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(3)(C))

YCCSC is limited in the ability to seek additional funding for itself other than CSBG funds. As a commission of the Board of Supervisors, YCCSC has no authority to secure outside funding. Should Yuba County be interested in applying for grants, etc. it would be supportive of the action and happy to manage it on their behalf.

However, YCCSC has and will continue to work with Yuba-Sutter Economic Development Corporation, a nonprofit 501c3, to pursue grants to support its Nonprofit Capacity Building Program that includes a bi monthly Non-Profit Newsletter that provides capacity building articles, grant opportunities and other CSBG related communication, a free grant search subscription that is available for all non-profits serving Yuba-Sutter, Grant Basics and Program Evaluation workshops and one on one technical assistance for nonprofits, all to allow them the opportunity to increase their capacity and access additional funds to

manage their programs.

# 5. Describe your agency's contingency plan for potential funding reductions. (California Government Code Section 12747(a))

Should CSBG funding be reduced significantly, the YCCSC Board of Directors and staff will implement the following strategies:

- 1) Review alternative funding sources and increase efficiency and cost effectiveness;
- 2) Continue to implement agency resource development activities that focus on increasing the following for its sub-contractors: grants from foundations, corporate support, community giving, and general public support from fundraising events;
- 3) Priority will be given to maintaining support to core programs and key administrative personnel to support activities;

In addition, the following potential 2026-27 sub-contractors have a contingency plan for reduced federal funding:

**Bridges to Housing—** will aggressively increase community awareness of the services offered to increase private donations; maintain and strengthen relationships with all present donors; establish an active Board fundraising committee and advisory board; research private organizations and foundations that offer grants to programs that serve the low-income population; implement a donation letter campaign and stage fundraising activities and events.

Casa de Esperanza – will utilize general funds to fill in gaps from reductions in funding and other flexible grant funding on hand as available. Grant opportunities are monitored, and they will apply for other appropriate funding for the program as necessary. Casa de Esperanza receives CalAIM revenues for Housing Navigation and is in the process of registering for Enhanced Case Management which will provide revenues that will be available to fill funding gaps.

**Child Advocates of Placer and Yuba County** –will develop a robust, diversified fundraising strategy to ensure the continuity of services in the region. Their initiatives depend on the generosity of local community members who volunteer their time, and they have already begun crafting an outreach plan to recruit volunteers and enhance capacity.

**Habitat for Humanity-** will pursue additional grants and partnerships to cover any shortfalls. They will also seek to leverage private donations and partnerships with local agencies to ensure the continuity of their program offerings.

**New Day Training Center-** will seek multiple new funding sources to expand its services to low-income clients. NDTC has employed a part-time grant specialist to this end to research and apply for new funding sources. NDTC's Director of Operations and Treasurer is working to secure new and/or updated contracts with Medi-Cal, Medicare, and other government insurance plans to continue expanding the services it offers to low-income clients.

**Salvation Army –** will be able to maintain services by:

- a. Collaborating with partners on shared initiatives and programs to reduce duplication of efforts.
- b. Using technology to automate processes where possible to reduce labor costs.
- c. Delay or phase in any non-critical new initiatives or expansions until funding is restored.
- d. Engage in advocacy and fundraising efforts to communicate need and seek restored funding from

policymakers.

Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium- will continue to seek other local, state, and federal funding for the continued operation of the Homeless Services Program.

Yuba-Sutter Legal Center- will continue to provide legal services to low-income seniors in Yuba County using its other funding from United Way, Equal Access Fund, Legal Services Trust Fund and Agency on Aging Area 4 allocations. In addition, the Legal Center will use money acquired from providing small claims advice and past fundraising to make up any potential deficiencies

6. Describe how your agency will address the needs of youth in low-income communities through youth development programs and promote increased community coordination and collaboration in meeting the needs of youth. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(1)(B), State Plan 14.1b)

Potential 2026-27 sub-contractor that YCCSC may fund to provide services to meet the needs of Yuba County youth, although youth services or employment services did not rise to one of the top 5 priorities.

**Four2Nine Recreation and Youth Center –** Four2nine is a new center/program to the area that brings together different services for young people of Yuba and Sutter County aged 12 to 25 in one convenient place. They provide services for mental health, physical health, substance use, peer support, family support, and supported education and employment. The program is youth-led and will also host recreation activities and events chosen by the youth.

**Tri-Counties Community Center –** open for our youth, teenagers and families from Yuba, Sutter and Butte Counties who need a place to come and connect with others. They provide free/low-cost community events, recreation and prevention activities that target the low-income population.

Children's Hope Foster Family Agency – Children's Hope Transitional Housing Placement Program helps foster youth transition out of foster care and into adulthood with continued support and services. This includes assistance with independent living skills like career development, education, vocational training and financial planning and financial assistance with food, rent, education related costs and low-cost modes of transportation. These supports help the young adults work toward their educational, financial stability and self-reliance goals and out of poverty.

**E Center-** E Center's paid internship program focuses on employment opportunities for low-income students over the age of 18. It allows students to acquire experience in office/administration, early childhood education and community assessments.

YCCSC promotes specific youth activities/services by sharing posts regarding youth activities/services on its Facebook page, providing a listing of agencies/programs that provide childcare and youth services on its website page and periodically having a youth program highlight article in its bi-monthly newsletter.

7. Describe how your agency will promote increased community coordination and collaboration in meeting the needs of youth, and support development and expansion of innovative community-based youth development programs such as the establishment of violence-free zones, youth mediation, youth mentoring, life skills training, job creation, entrepreneurship programs, after after-school childcare. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(1)(B),

### State Plan 14.1b)

Although specific youth services did not rise to the top as a priority for 2026-27, possible ways that YCCSC can promote increased community coordination and collaboration to meet the needs of youth is by:

- allocating funds to Marysville Joint Unified School District to help expand their student mental health support programs that have fully licensed on-site therapists for students seeking support at the schools
- recruiting board members that are active in youth organizations so YCCSC can have a better understanding of how they could possibly partner
- supporting and/or allocating funds to programs like E Center's youth internship program,
   Children's Hope Transitional Housing Placement Program, Tri-Counties Community Center,
   Four2Nine Recreation and Youth Center

YCCSC promotes specific youth activities/services by sharing posts regarding youth activities/services on its Facebook page, providing a listing of agencies/programs that provide childcare and youth services on its website page and periodically having a youth program highlight article in its bi-monthly newsletter.

8. Describe your agency's coordination of employment and training activities as defined in Section 3 of the Workforce and Innovation and Opportunity Act [29 U.S.C. 3102]. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(5); State Plan 9.4b)

Potential 2026-27 sub-contractors that YCCSC may fund include:

**E Center-** E Center's paid internship program focuses on employment opportunities for low-income Yuba County students over the age of 18. It allows students to acquire experience in office/administration, early childhood education and community assessments

**Salvation Army Depot**-- The Depot provides homeless individuals and families in crisis a facility to live in for six months to a year as a step to move into permanent housing. During this time, the clients participate in programs focused on attaining employment. They receive vocational training in food service and janitorial service and educational development, learn job searching and computer training and are provided transportation to employment.

Yuba County One Stop – Yuba County One Stop is a multi-faceted organization that assists individuals with employment opportunities, education and training. They provide career exploration, job search assistance, skills assessments, resume development, interview skills and coaching, on-the-job & vocational training and Adult Education. After a successful job placement, follow-up services are available to maximize a clients continued success in the workplace. In addition, the One Stop hosts free Expungement and Employment Law Workshops that work to educate attendees on the expungement process and eligibility to better prepare them for job opportunities, they publish a monthly Youth Career Compass newsletter that is designed to help young people prepare for a successful future by focusing on a key soft skill or work/job-related topic, to help them get ready for the working world and they host an annual Youth Career and Resource Fair that exposes thousands of local high school students to training, education, job, etc. opportunities.

9. Describe how your agency will provide emergency supplies and services, nutritious foods, and related services, as may be necessary, to counteract conditions of starvation and malnutrition among low-income individuals. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(4), State Plan 14.4)

YCCSC serves as a referral service for low-income persons that call in looking for assistance with a variety of needs, including emergency supplies, services and food. YCCSC's website has a "Find Help" tab that lists community wide resources in over 10 categories.

Potential sub-contractors that could be funded for 2026-27 include:

Casa de Esperanza- Casa provides emergency, safe shelter and food for adult and child victims of family and personal violence as well as counseling and education services which can last up to two years.

**Salvation Army –** Salvation Army runs Hope Express, a street outreach team that provides daily meals to sheltered and unsheltered persons experiencing homelessness in both Yuba & Sutter Counties Each day the team provides two meals per person - one hot meal and one ready-to-go meal aka sack lunch. Meal service is provided at four locations (2 in Sutter County, 2 in Yuba County)

Yuba-Sutter Food Bank-- The Food Bank provides nutritious food and other supplies to the low-income population on designated days in an effort to alleviate hunger and assist with day-to-day living. They also have a Homebound Food Delivery Program for 65+ of age, low-income and most vulnerable in the community.

**Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium –** operates the Coordinated Entry sites in Sutter and Yuba Counties, both of which allow individuals to easily access emergency housing, food security services, bathrooms, showers, laundry and other supportive services.

10.	Is your agency	/ a dual ·	(CSBG	and LIHEAP)	service	provider?
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☐ Yes

 $\bowtie$  No

#### 11. For dual agencies:

Describe how your agency coordinates with other antipoverty programs in your area, including the emergency energy crisis intervention programs under Title XXVI, relating to low-income home energy assistance (LIHEAP) that are conducted in the community. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(6), State Plan 9.5)

For all other agencies:

Describe how your agency coordinates services with your local LIHEAP service provider?

Community Resource Project is the LIHEAP service provider to Yuba and Sutter Counties. YCCSC serves as a referral service for low-income persons that call in looking for assistance with a variety of needs, including LIHEAP. YCCSC's website has a "Find Help" tab that includes the contact information for Community Resource Project under Utilities Assistance.

12. Describe how your agency will use funds to support innovative community and neighborhood-based initiatives, which may include fatherhood and other initiatives, with the goal of strengthening families and encouraging effective parenting. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(3)(D), State Plan 14.3d)

YCCSC sub-grantees are often family-based programs that encourage parental responsibility and reunification if there is separation of parents and children. No programs specifically only focus on men, however a few focus on the health of the family. Potential sub-grantees to be funded for 2026-27 include:

Casa de Esperanza- Casa provides emergency safe shelter and food for adult and child victims of family and personal violence but most important for achieving self-sufficiency is their counseling and education services which can last up to two years. Their programs include learning financial independence, budgeting, working with credit counselors, self-defense, finding employment, returning to school, etc.

Child Advocates of Placer, Yuba Counties – Child Advocates has a Parent Empowerment Group (PEG) that works to unify children with their parents after they have been removed. They work with parents as peers to help them recognize their responsibilities and the changes they need to undertake to reunify with their children. The program involves home visitation, peers support groups, tools to help parent, life skills, regular check ins, intense case management and more, all focused on connection and empowerment to foster change.

Salvation Army Depot—Once admitted into the program, the Depot provides homeless individuals and families in crisis a facility to live in for six months to a year as a step to move into permanent housing. During this time, the clients participate in a broad range of health related courses such as substance abuse cessation, anger management, nutrition and exercise. In addition they are assessed on vocational and educational needs as well as personal budgeting and parenting education. A plan for each individual or family is devised that includes a mix of counseling, education, vocational training, job searching, savings program, independent living skills, computer training and support groups to move the client to self-sufficiency. Once clients "graduate" from the program they continue to be assisted through the Depot's Family Self-Sufficiency Follow Up program.

**First 5 Yuba County –** Offers Fathers Matter: Cornhole in the Park group dedicated to Yuba County fathers and father figures. Meets March to October, the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Thursday of each month for cornhole fun. In addition, First 5 offers many other support parenting classes, programs and peer support groups, to ensure parents and caregivers have access to developmentally appropriate practices and connections to community resources.

13. Describe how your agency will develop linkages to fill identified gaps in the services, through the provision of information, referrals, case management, and follow-up consultations. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(3)(B), State Plan 9.3b)

YCCSC serves as a referral service for low-income persons looking for assistance with a variety of needs, so it is fairly easy to determine where the community is lacking regarding certain services and resources.

YCCSC regularly polls its sub-contractors to determine what clients most often need that they are unable to obtain in the community (the gaps).

To develop linkages to help fill identified gaps in services for the low-income, YCCSC's Executive Director is

active with the following community/regional groups: Executive Director-Sutter County Community Action Agency, President-Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium (Continuum of Care), Board member-Sutter Community Affordable Housing Board.

YCCSC's website has a "Find Help" tab that lists community wide resources in over 10 categories-a resource that YCCSC consistently updates as new resources come available, so the information is easily made available to the low-income.

## **Monitoring**

ROMA – Planning, Evaluation

1. If your agency utilizes subcontractors, please describe your process for monitoring the subcontractors. Include the frequency, type of monitoring, i.e., onsite, desk review, or both, follow-up on corrective action, issuance of formal monitoring reports, and emergency monitoring procedures.

Per YCCSC's Service Provider Monitoring Plan, YCCSC conducts an annual monitoring of its subcontractors using on-site visit and desk monitoring.

On-Site Visit - Review includes completion of a pre-visit questionnaire and an on-site visit from YCCSC board member(s) and possibly YCCSC program administrator. Site visits give YCCSC the opportunity to see the sub-contractors operation, assure files are secured, in-take is being handled correctly, client files contain all necessary documentation, the low-income clients are being served and find out what challenges sub-contractors are facing so that possible solutions can be determined to help them strengthen their programs.

**Desk monitoring** - Review areas include documents, performance, client files. Client file testing is done at least every three years for existing sub-contractors and at mid-year for a new sub-contractor. In addition, when sub-contractors submit bi-monthly reports, YCCSC carefully checks that all receipts presented correspond with their budgeted items and all required back-up is included. YCCSC continually tracks expenditures to assure each agency is spending their allocated funds such that all funds will be expended by the contract term and no overspending has occurred. In addition, YCCSC continually monitors insurance policies to assure they are current and in file, collects financials and/or audits annually and collects client satisfaction survey results annually. YCCSC provides technical assistance and forms training whenever needed to each of the sub-contractors to assure their program success as well as provides them with resources for additional funding opportunities to help grow their programs.

**Follow-Up** - If necessary, follow up monitoring correspondence will be sent to each service provider that:

- Identifies fully each finding and concern
- Specifies corrective actions, if there is a finding
- Makes recommendations for improvement, if there is a concern
- Includes deadlines for: 1. Providing a written response that describes how service provider will resolve any findings; and 2. Correcting each deficiency identified in the letter

The correspondence will be sent within sixty days, or within timeframe established by YCCSC.

## Unexpected or Extraordinary Circumstances Policy

In a pandemic, natural disaster or other factors out of YCCSC's control that deems YCCSC is not able to travel to service providers for onsite monitoring, the above policies and/or procedures may be altered to accommodate a no travel issuance. This may include Zoom or other virtual formats for discussion purposes as well as electronic submission of client files for completeness reviews.

## **ROMA Application**

CSBG Act Section 676(b)(12) Organizational Standards 4.2, 4.3 ROMA – Planning, Evaluation



1. Describe how your agency will evaluate the effectiveness of its programs and services. Include information about the types of measurement tools, the data sources and collection procedures, and the frequency of data collection and reporting. (Organizational Standard 4.3)

YCCSC subcontracts with agencies to provide services directly to the low-income population. These agencies are chosen through a competitive Request for Proposal (RFP) process. The proposals are evaluated on a variety of factors, including local Community Action Plan priorities. Contracts are then executed with each agency awarded funding. These contracts contain both Work Plan and Budget sections which reflect the program information in the proposal. The Work Plan sets forth measurable quantified objectives, showing specific indicators and number of clients to be served and obtain the objective. The Budget spreads the program costs in line item format. Agencies comply with all CSD contractual and reporting requirements.

Annual and bi-monthly reports are required which include programmatic and fiscal information. The expenditure report must include backup documentation to substantiate any charges made to the program. The reimbursement request is processed after this report is deemed acceptable.

A final close-out report is required of sub-contractors, after close of the programs. The success of each program is again evaluated at this time. Future funding of sub-contractors is affected by their ability to report accurately and timely, as well as on efficient and effective delivery of services. Program sites will be monitored annually by the site review committee and not less than once every three years by staff. The purpose will be to identify any problems, provide assistance, and to take corrective action as necessary. The agency's records are reviewed during this visit to ensure contract compliance. Documentation must be provided to support reports submitted and prove validity of services.

In addition, potential 2026-27 sub-contractors have the following methods in place for evaluation:

**Bridges to Housing** – A client satisfaction survey is given to every family interviewed at Bridges. The forms are reviewed monthly and a report is given to the Board.

Casa de Esperanza – The agency evaluates the effectiveness of programs and services through established data collection systems. The agency uses a combination of secure, online data systems,

spreadsheets, logs, and evaluations to track performance outcomes as indicators of effectiveness. The primary data systems used is Empower DB case management and the local CoC's HMIS. Data is collected on a daily basis and reports are generated and reviewed by managers and directors at least monthly. Additionally, reports are generated quarterly and annually as specified by contract. Client evaluations are reviewed monthly and used for continuous program improvement. Evaluations are important for collection of subjective data on effectiveness and to ensure the program is responsive to the needs of the populations served.

Child Advocates of Placer and Yuba – Have developed an evaluation plan that includes both quantitative and qualitative measures to assess the impact of services on low-income individuals. 1. Quantitative Measures: Monthly track number of families served and compare to goal. 2. Quantitative Outputs will be measured through satisfaction surveys from the families served.

**Habitat for Humanity** - Measures program effectiveness through: Attendance Rates: Tracking the number of participants in classes and counseling; Survey Feedback: Assessing participant satisfaction and knowledge gained; Data Tracking System: Utilizing new software to monitor participant progress, application status, and program outcomes.

**New Day Training Center –** NDTC will measure the success of services by monitoring the number of low-income clients served by the programs. NDTC will also track the number of therapy sessions and types of services provided to each client and will measure client outcomes (including CSBG-defined outcomes) by use of a client satisfaction survey and client-therapist dialogue regarding attainment of counseling goals. New Day will collect client satisfaction surveys upon completion of each group therapy cohort and upon completion of individual counseling goals.

**Salvation Army Depot**- The Salvation Army utilizes several tools to measure and evaluate outcomes, successes and effectiveness of programs. Staff uses an internal database, WellSky, to collect data and capture outcomes of program participants. Data is also tracked in HMIS (Homeless Management Information Systems) as required by HUD grantees. Information is summarized and presented to the Advisory Board at monthly meetings. The Program Committee of the Advisory Board assists in evaluating program components, creating and enhancing rules and requirements, and identifying outcomes. Their Divisional Headquarters provides audits and oversight, and monitors program effectiveness.

Sutter Yuba Homeless Consortium – Clients complete satisfaction surveys to evaluate program delivery. Evaluations include the assessment of client satisfaction surveys and Homeless Management Information System reports. Program evaluation data is utilized, analyzed and acted on to improve the Homeless Services Program by reviewing data with the SYHC Board and at the Sustainability Committee meetings on a regular basis. After reviewing data at the meetings, a checklist is created of the items that need to be addressed as needed. The SYHC Board is responsible for ensuring the program is running efficiently.

Yuba-Sutter Legal Center for Seniors - Clients are asked to complete a one-page survey when their case is closed to determine if they are satisfied with the resolution of their case. The directing attorney reviews the survey comments to determine if changes are needed in how services are provided.

2. Select one need from Table 2: Priority Ranking Table and describe how your agency plans to implement, monitor progress, and evaluate the program designed to address the need. Organizational Standard 4.2)

YCCSC does not provide direct services, it provides services to low-income residents of Yuba County via sub-contractors. To address the need to Improve Access to Food and Basic Needs, YCCSC may fund Salvation Army's, Hope Express.

### Implementation

Hope Express is a street outreach team providing daily meals to sheltered and unsheltered persons experiencing homelessness in both Yuba & Sutter Counties. Each day the team provides two meals per person - one hot meal and one ready-to-go meal aka sack lunch. Meal service is as follows:

- Mondays through Thursdays 2 meals per day
- Fridays 6 meals provided to cover the weekends

The team prepares close to 2,800 meals per week - roughly 1,400 meals per county.

Hope Express provides meal service at the following locations daily:

- Hands Of Hope (Sutter County)
- Better Way Shelter (Sutter County)
- Life Building Center (Yuba County)
- 14Forward Shelter (Yuba County)

Hope Express focuses on food security and it also focuses on the medical needs of its target population. The Salvation Army is partnered with Partnership Healthplan of California to offer Medically Tailored Meals to persons experiencing homelessness. Medically Tailored Meals is a Medical intervention available to unhoused Medi-cal members living with chronic illnesses. Authorized Medi-Cal members receive 2 prepared meals per day for 12 weeks.

#### Monitoring

At each of the four homeless shelter food distribution locations, Salvation Army has a list of people that the center serves. They record meals served to people each day. People not on the list are recorded and added to databases daily.

Additionally, a registered dietician provides consultation every four weeks to evaluate progress towards health goals.

#### **Evaluation**

The Salvation Army utilizes several tools to measure and evaluate outcomes, successes and effectiveness of programs, and has an impeccable record when it comes to reporting to various granting agencies and the community. Staff uses an internal database, WellSky, to collect data and capture outcomes of program participants. Data is also tracked in HMIS (Homeless Management Information Systems) as required by HUD grantees. These sources help identify the number of program meals served.

Information is summarized and presented to the Advisory Board at monthly meetings. The Program

Committee of the Advisory Board assists in evaluating program components, creating and enhancing rules and requirements, and identifying outcomes. Our Divisional Headquarters provides audits and oversight, and monitors program effectiveness.

## **Optional**

3 . Select one community level need from Table 2: Priority Ranking Table or your agency's most recent Community Needs Assessment and describe how your agency plans to implement, monitor progress, and evaluate the program designed to address the need. (CSBG Act Section 676(b)(12), Organizational Standard 4.2)

## Federal CSBG Programmatic Assurances

CSBG Act Section 676(b)

### **Use of CSBG Funds Supporting Local Activities**

**676(b)(1)(A):** The state will assure "that funds made available through grant or allotment will be used – (A) to support activities that are designed to assist low-income families and individuals, including families and individuals receiving assistance under title IV of the Social Security Act, homeless families and individuals, migrant or seasonal farmworkers, and elderly low-income individuals and families, and a description of how such activities will enable the families and individuals--

- a. to remove obstacles and solve problems that block the achievement of self- sufficiency (particularly for families and individuals who are attempting to transition off a State program carried out underpart A of title IV of the Social Security Act);
- b. to secure and retain meaningful employment;
- c. to attain an adequate education with particular attention toward improving literacy skills of the low-income families in the community, which may include family literacy initiatives;
- d. to make better use of available income;
- e. to obtain and maintain adequate housing and a suitable living environment;
- f. to obtain emergency assistance through loans, grants, or other means to meet immediate and urgent individual and family needs;
- g. to achieve greater participation in the affairs of the communities involved, including the development of public and private grassroots
- h. partnerships with local law enforcement agencies, local housing authorities, private foundations, and other public and private partners to
  - i. document best practices based on successful grassroots intervention in urban areas, to develop methodologies for wide-spread replication; and
  - ii. strengthen and improve relationships with local law enforcement agencies, which may include participation in activities such as neighborhood or community policing efforts;

### **Needs of Youth**

**676(b)(1)(B)** The state will assure "that funds made available through grant or allotment will be used – (B) to address the needs of youth in low-income communities through youth development programs that support the primary role of the family, give priority to the prevention of youth problems and crime, and promote increased community coordination and collaboration in meeting the needs of youth, and support development and expansion of innovative community-based youth development programs that have demonstrated success in preventing or reducing youth crime, such as--

- I. programs for the establishment of violence-free zones that would involve youth development and intervention models (such as models involving youth mediation, youth mentoring, life skills training, job creation, and entrepreneurship programs); and
- II. after-school childcare programs.

### **Coordination of Other Programs**

**676(b)(1)(C)** The state will assure "that funds made available through grant or allotment will be used – (C) to make more effective use of, and to coordinate with, other programs related to the purposes of this subtitle (including state welfare reform efforts)

### **Eligible Entity Service Delivery System**

**676(b)(3)(A)** Eligible entities will describe "the service delivery system, for services provided or coordinated with funds made available through grants made under 675C(a), targeted to low-income individuals and families in communities within the state:

### Eligible Entity Linkages – Approach to Filling Service Gaps

**676(b)(3)(B)** Eligible entities will describe "how linkages will be developed to fill identified gaps in the services, through the provision of information, referrals, case management, and follow-up consultations."

### Coordination of Eligible Entity Allocation 90 Percent Funds with Public/Private Resources

**676(b)(3)(C)** Eligible entities will describe how funds made available through grants made under 675C(a) will be coordinated with other public and private resources."

## Eligible Entity Innovative Community and Neighborhood Initiatives, Including Fatherhood/Parental Responsibility

**676(b)(3)(D)** Eligible entities will describe "how the local entity will use the funds [made available under 675C(a)] to support innovative community and neighborhood-based initiatives related to the purposes of this subtitle, which may include fatherhood initiatives and other initiatives with the goal of strengthening families and encouraging parenting."

## **Eligible Entity Emergency Food and Nutrition Services**

**676(b)(4)** An assurance "that eligible entities in the state will provide, on an emergency basis, for the provision of such supplies and services, nutritious foods, and related services, as may be necessary to counteract conditions of starvation and malnutrition among low-income individuals."

## State and Eligible Entity Coordination/linkages and Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Employment and Training Activities

**676(b)(5)** An assurance "that the State and eligible entities in the State will coordinate, and establish linkages between, governmental and other social services programs to assure the effective delivery of such services, and [describe] how the State and the eligible entities will coordinate the provision of employment and training activities, as defined in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, in the State and in communities with entities providing activities through statewide and local workforce development systems under such Act."

## State Coordination/Linkages and Low-income Home Energy Assistance

**676(b)(6)** "[A]n assurance that the State will ensure coordination between antipoverty programs in each community in the State, and ensure, where appropriate, that emergency energy crisis intervention programs under title XXVI (relating to low-income home energy assistance) are conducted in such community."

### **Community Organizations**

**676(b)(9)** An assurance "that the State and eligible entities in the state will, to the maximum extent possible, coordinate programs with and form partnerships with other organizations serving low-income residents of the communities and members of the groups served by the State, including religious organizations, charitable groups, and community organizations."

### **Eligible Entity Tripartite Board Representation**

**676(b)(10)** "[T]he State will require each eligible entity in the State to establish procedures under which a low-income individual, community organization, or religious organization, or representative of low-income individuals that considers its organization, or low-income individuals, to be inadequately represented on the board (or other mechanism) of the eligible entity to petition for adequate representation."

### **Eligible Entity Community Action Plans and Community Needs Assessments**

**676(b)(11)** "[A]n assurance that the State will secure from each eligible entity in the State, as a condition to receipt of funding by the entity through a community service block grant made under this subtitle for a program, a community action plan (which shall be submitted to the Secretary, at the request of the Secretary, with the State Plan) that includes a community needs assessment for the community serviced, which may be coordinated with the community needs assessment conducted for other programs."

### State and Eligible Entity Performance Measurement: ROMA or Alternate System

**676(b)(12)** "[A]n assurance that the State and all eligible entities in the State will, not later than fiscal year 2001, participate in the Results Oriented Management and Accountability System, another performance measure system for which the Secretary facilitated development pursuant to section 678E(b), or an alternative system for measuring performance and results that meets the requirements of that section, and [describe] outcome measures to be used to measure eligible entity performance in promoting self-sufficiency, family stability, and community revitalization."

### Fiscal Controls, Audits, and Withholding

**678D(a)(1)(B)** An assurance that cost and accounting standards of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) are maintained.

### State Assurances

California Government Code Sections 12747(a), 12760, 12768

### For CAA, MSFW, NAI, and LPA Agencies

<u>California Government Code § 12747(a)</u>: Community action plans shall provide for the contingency of reduced federal funding.

California Government Code § 12760: CSBG agencies funded under this article shall coordinate their plans and activities with other agencies funded under Articles 7 (commencing with Section 12765) and 8 (commencing with Section 12770) that serve any part of their communities, so that funds are not used to duplicate particular services to the same beneficiaries and plans and policies affecting all grantees under this chapter are shaped, to the extent possible, so as to be equitable and beneficial to all community agencies and the populations they serve.

### **For MSFW Agencies Only**

<u>California Government Code § 12768</u>: Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker (MSFW) entities funded by the department shall coordinate their plans and activities with other agencies funded by the department to avoid duplication of services and to maximize services for all eligible beneficiaries.

## Organizational Standards

## **Category One: Consumer Input and Involvement**

**Standard 1.1** The organization/department demonstrates low-income individuals' participation in its activities.

**Standard 1.2** The organization/department analyzes information collected directly from low-income individuals as part of the community assessment.

### **Category Two: Community Engagement**

**Standard 2.1** The organization/department has documented or demonstrated partnerships across the community, for specifically identified purposes; partnerships include other anti-poverty organizations in the area.

**Standard 2.2** The organization/department utilizes information gathered from key sectors of the community in assessing needs and resources, during the community assessment process or other times. These sectors would include at minimum: community-based organizations, faith-based organizations, private sector, public sector, and educational institutions.

### **Category Three: Community Assessment**

**Standard 3.1 (Private)** Organization conducted a community assessment and issued a report within the past 3 years.

**Standard 3.1 (Public)** The department conducted or was engaged in a community assessment and issued a report within the past 3-year period, if no other report exists.

- **Standard 3.2** As part of the community assessment, the organization/department collects and includes current data specific to poverty and its prevalence related to gender, age, and race/ethnicity for their service area(s).
- **Standard 3.3** The organization/department collects and analyzes both qualitative and quantitative data on its geographic service area(s) in the community assessment.
- **Standard 3.4** The community assessment includes key findings on the causes and conditions of poverty and the needs of the communities assessed.
- **Standard 3.5** The governing board or tripartite board/advisory body formally accepts the completed community assessment.

## **Category Four: Organizational Leadership**

**Standard 4.2** The organization's/department's Community Action Plan is outcome-based, anti- poverty focused, and ties directly to the community assessment.

**Standard 4.3** The organization's/department's Community Action Plan and strategic plan document the continuous use of the full Results Oriented Management and Accountability (ROMA) cycle or comparable system (assessment, planning, implementation, achievement of results, and evaluation). In addition, the organization documents having used the services of a ROMA-certified trainer (or equivalent) to assist in implementation.

## **Part III: Appendices**

Please complete the table below by entering the title of the document and its assigned appendix letter. Agencies must provide a copy of the Notice(s) of Public Hearing, the Low-Income Testimony and the Agency's Response document, and a copy of the most recent community needs assessment as appendices A, B, and C, respectively. Other appendices as necessary are encouraged. All appendices should be labeled as an appendix (e.g., Appendix A: Notice of Public Hearing) or separated by divider sheets and submitted with the CAP.

Document Title	Appendix Location
Notice of Public Hearing	Α
Low-Income Testimony and Agency's Response	В
Yuba-Sutter Community Needs Assessment	С
YCCSC & SCCAA 2025 CAP Client survey results	D
YCCSC & SCCAA 2025 CAP Agency survey results	E